

Annual Return on the Scottish Social Housing Charter

Consultation questions

Yes ✓ No 🗌

We welcome your general feedback on our proposals as well as answers to the specific

•	nave raised. You c egulator.gov.scot	an read our consultation paper	on our website at
		nswer every question unless you	u wish to do so.
Send your con	npleted questionna	aire to us by Friday 8 Novembe	r 2024.
By email @:	consultations@sh	r.gov.scot	
Or post to:	Scottish Housing 5 th Floor, 220 High Glasgow G4 0QW	n Street	
Name/organi			
North Ayrsh	ire Council		
Address			
Cunninghan	ne House, Irvine		
Postcode K	A12 8EE	Phone 01294 310000	Email housingperformance@northayrshire.gov.uk
To help make we receive, as response. If y	this a transparent we receive them. ou are responding	onse to be handled process we intend to publish on Please let us know how you wo as an individual, we will not pub use to be published on our we	uld like us to handle your lish your contact details.



If you are responding as an individual:

ii you are responding as an individual.					
Please tell us how you would like your response to be published.	Pick 1				
Publish my full response, including my name					
Please publish my response, but not my name					
 There are some indicators which we do not routinely use in our regulatory social landlords' performance. As part of the consultation we are proposing collecting the following indicators 14, 20, 23, 24, C3 and C4. 					
Do you agree with our proposals to remove these indicators?					
We agree with the proposals to remove the indicators except for C4, retaining this indicator. Monitoring and reporting on abandonments is cr significant financial impact and resource-intensive process, which is not actions data.	ucial due to their				
 Following feedback from stakeholders we propose to amend the following 15 and C2. Do you agree with our proposals to amend these indicators? 	indicators 10,				
Indicator 10: This indicator requires further definition, especially regressions. The proposed rewording and criteria for 'repairs completed rigunclear and need more technical support. to develop a workable KPI.					
Indicator 15: Locally agreed targets vary widely, and we feel this should the indicator. This indicator is not able to help landlords, although they are and resolve cases, but they can't control the number of cases that they agreed targets are service standards, not performance measures. The of ASB cases per 100 homes is problematic as it includes private owney would need further information on what cases should be recorded. It mit to select an indicator which is focused on outcomes, this would account for with better outcomes.	e able to manage receive. Locally current measure ers and lets. We ight be beneficial				
3. We also propose to introduce an additional indicator to monitor long term v	voids.				
Do you agree that we should collect an additional indicator in relation to lo	ng term voids?				
We have no issue with this indicator being introduced.					



4. We propose to collect two new indicators in relation to tenant and resident safety. Do you agree with the additional indicators we propose to collect in relation electrical safety and fire detection?

We agree with the	e following indicators		

5. Do you agree with our proposed approach to collect landlords' performance in relation to compliance with tenant and resident safety duties as part of the Annual Assurance Statements?

I can confirm that we are happy and supportive around the collation of landlord's performance regarding compliance with tenant and resident safety duties and for these to be included in the Annual Assurance Statement. This was the approach taken in the 2023/24 submission with further evidence and compliance assurance to be provided for next year's submission.

6. Issues of damp and mould continue to be an important area of concern for tenants. We therefore propose three new indicators in relation to damp and mould. Do you agree with our proposals to introduce these indicators?

We agree in principle with the additions to the indicators. However, we propose splitting the indicator as follows:

Cases of Rising & Penetrating Damp: These are generally related exclusively to building repairs and can occur year-round.

Cases of Condensation Dampness: These are seasonal, occurring in the cooler months, and can be related to building repairs, building usage, or a combination of both. In the case of condensation dampness resulting in mould, does "resolve" refer only to the repair aspect, or does it also include mould caused by building usage? Different causes

Should all mould be included? For example, mould can frequently occur in silicone sealants at wash hand basins, baths, and showers. This can be resolved by basic housekeeping and may not be a building repair or usage issue. In contrast, silicone sealant at windows would be included, as this is more likely to be related to repairs and

usage due to humidity levels.

may need to be distinguished.

7. Do you agree with the proposal to collect the "Average length of time taken to resolve cases of damp and/or mould" or would the "median" be more appropriate to measure the time to resolve cases of damp and/or mould?

Average would be suitable - once definitions of "resolve" and what is to be included as "mould" have been clarified.

8. Damp and mould is a complex area for landlords. Are the new indicators we propose on damp and mould clearly defined?



We feel we need more clarification around the definition, every case of damp and mould will be different, therefore timescale targets could be unrealistic and difficult to identify those completed right first time. The indicators should also be split between condensation, structural and those cases which have occurred due to tenant behaviours - organisations may need time to adjust systems to allow this information to be collated. There should be a more thematic approach to collating damp and mould data, similar to RACC.

Thank you for taking the time to give us your feedback